PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference				
218	<u> </u>	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/ye	ar) Priority Date (day/month/year)		
PCT/KR 2004/001086	11 May 2004 (11.05.2004)	6 December 2003 (06.12.2003)		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or nat	ional classification and IPC	1 = 33436. 2303 (00.12.2003)		
IPC8: C08G 61/00 (2006.01), C12				
Applicant				
KOREA RESEARCH INSTITUTE	OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOG	GY et al.□□□□□□		
and is transmitted to the applicant a	according to Article 36.	y this International Preliminary Examination Authority		
i	f $\underline{4}$ sheets, including this cove	er sheet.		
This report is also accompar amended and are the basis for 70.16 and Section 607 of the	nied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the property of this report and/or sheets containing Administrative Instructions under the second of the seco	ne description, claims and/or drawings which have been og rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule the PCT).		
These annexes consist of a total of	_1 sheets.			
3. This report contains indications rela	ting to the following items:			
I. Basis of the opinion	on			
II. Priority				
III. Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability				
IV. Lack of unity of in	vention			
V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
VI. Certain documents				
VII. Certain defects in	the international application			
VIII. Certain observation	ns on the international application			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of con	npletion of this report		
01.07.2005		2 January 2006 (02.01.2006)		
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AT Austrian Patent Office	Authorized	officer		
Austran Patent Office Dresdner Straße 87				
A-1200 Vienna		BAUMSCHABL F.		
Facsimile No. 1/53424/200	Telephone	No. 1/53424/459		
Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (July 19	08)	NO. 17004247408		



<u>_</u>	
mational application No.	
PCT/KR 2004/001086	

I.		Basis of the report			
1.	With regard to the elements of the international application:*				
		the international application as originally filed			
		the description: pages 2-12, as originally filed pages 1, filed with the demand pages, filed with the letter of			
	\boxtimes	the claims:			
		pages 13, as originally filed pages, as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19 pages, filed with the demand			
	_	pages, filed with the letter of			
	\bowtie	the drawings: pages 1, 2, as originally filed pages, filed with the demand pages, filed with the letter of			
		the sequence listing part of the description:			
		pages, as originally filed			
		pages, filed with the demand pages, filed with the letter of			
2.	wh	th regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. Ese elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language English which is:			
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).			
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).			
		the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).			
3.	Wi pre	th regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international diminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:			
		contained in the international application in printed form.			
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.			
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.			
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.			
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.			
		The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.			
4	. 🗵	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:			
		the description, pages 1.			
		the claims, Nos.			
		the drawings, sheets/fig			
5	. [This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**			
	in ti	lacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to his report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and			
	70. 	1). replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

cernational application No.	
PCT/KR 2004/001086	

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
1. Statement	<u> </u>			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-8	YES	
	Claims		NO	
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1-8	YES	
	Claims		NO	
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-8	YES	
	Claims		NO	
Citations and explanations (Rule 70.	7)			

US 4 900 671 A comprises a process for the preparation of a phenolic resin reacting a phenol with a peroxidase or an oxidase enzyme in an organic solvent. US 4 900 671 A does not teach phenotiazine as mediator for the polymerization reaction.

US 5824 414 A relates to a reaction of phenols with hydrogen peroxide, an organic solvent compatible with water, water, a peroxidase and a dispersing agent. Phenotiazine derivates are not mentioned in this document.

JP 2002-201245 A relates to the reaction of hydrophobic phenols with an aldehyde in the presence of a catalyst. Phenotiazine derivates are not mentioned in this document.

US 5 322 960 A discloses a method for inhibiting polymerizable (meth)acrylic acid and esters therof from polymerizing during their production and storage by using inhibitors. Different phenothiazine compounds are enumerated [column 2, lines 40 - 45] as inhibitors for this reaction [inhibiting polymerization of acrylic compounds].

US 6 362 315 B2 relates to a process of controlling the molecular weight and dispersity of poly(p-ethylphenol) and poly(m-cresol) synthesized enzymatically by varying the composition of the reaction medium. Phenotiazine derivates are not mentioned in this document.

JP 11-269254 A [abstract] relates to a process of oxidatively polymerizing a phenol in the presence of a porphyrin-metal complex (e.g. chloroprothemine).

None of the cited documents relates to all features (especially phenolic monomers, peroxidase, oxidant, phenothiazine as mediator) of the process according to claim 1 and the dependent claims 2 to 8. Therefore the subject matter of the present application according to claims 1 to 8 is considered to be new.

Only US 5 322 960 A teaches to use phenothiazine compounds as inhibitor but there is no advise given for a skilled person to use phenothiazines as mediator for phenolic



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Supplemental Box (To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)	
Continuation of: Box V (page 1)	
compounds substituted with unsaturated aliphatic chains. A skilled person is considered to come to the subject matter of claims 1 to 8 by combining two or mo the cited documents. Therefore claims 1 to 8 are considered to involve an inventive s	re of
Industrial applicability is given. This examination report is in accordance with the written opinion (ISA 237) of International Searching Authority transmitted with the search report.	f the

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RO/KR 20.09.2004 J/J/ Y 20.77

PROCESS FOR PREPARING PHENOLIC POLYMER BY USING PHENOTHIAZINES MEDIATOR

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to a process for preparing a phenolic polymer using a phenothiazine-based mediator, in particular, to a process for preparing a phenolic polymer by polymerizing phenolic monomers by use of a phenothiazine-based mediator in the presence of peroxidase biocatalyst and oxidant, thereby dramatically improving the enzyme reactivity of peroxidase.

The phenolic polymers prepared according to the polymerization of this invention maintain unsaturated hydrocarbon groups linked to their side chains, so that they are very useful as a curing resin because they can easily form coatings through radical curing. In addition, the coatings formed using the curing resin have antioxidation effect and lower surface energy, so that they can prevent physical attachment of marine livings. Because the antifouling-causing functional groups are not consumed, the coatings continuously exhibit durability.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

Phenolic polymers are known to be useful as paints and various coating materials, due to their excellent anti-corrosiveness and capability of forming a firm coating.

For synthesizing phenolic polymers chemically, formalin or hexamethylene tetraamine generated by the condensation of formaldehyde and ammonia is employed in high-temperature polymerization. However, such method has some shortcomings in which formalin and formaldehyde are toxic and unreacted